

. Model

Iconic Model

. Analogue Models

(X2,X1)
(b)

$$Y = b_1 X_1 + b_2 X_2 + \dots + b_n X_n$$

(Y)
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. Mathematical Model

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Symbolic

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Location oriented
Geographic Data Matrix
GIS

McGrew &) .

(Monroe 1993 , 15

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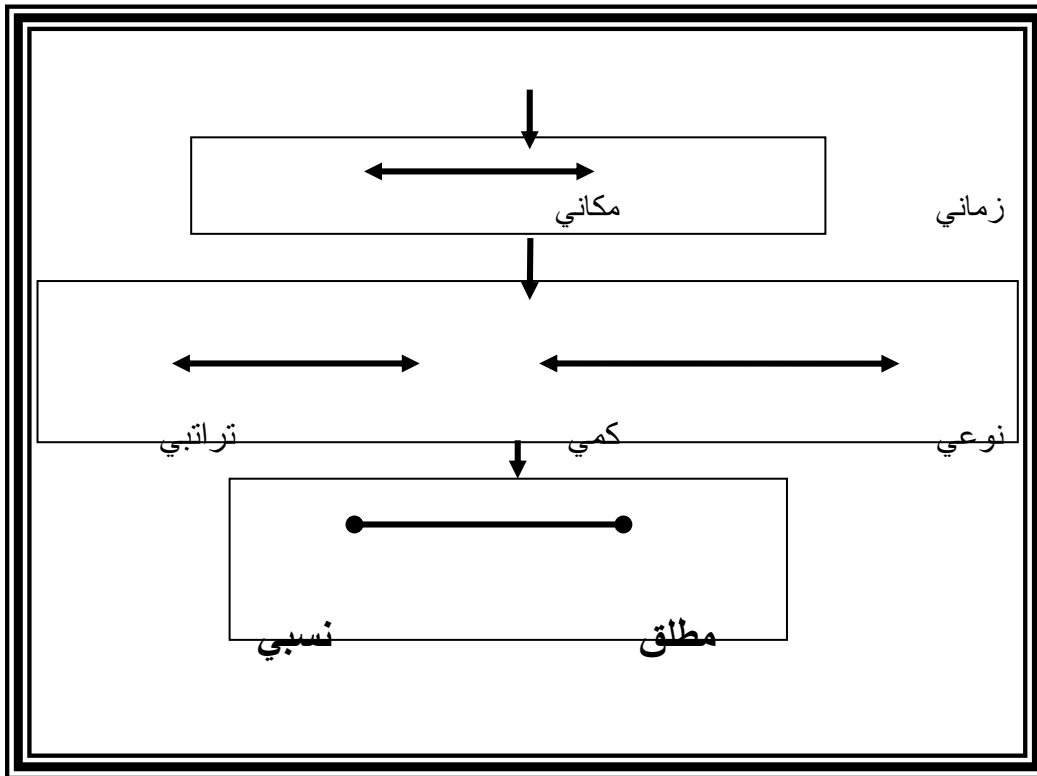
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() Nominal scale

non-parametric

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Discrete

Continuous

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(McGrow & Monroe 1993 , 19)

non-

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Ratio

Interval

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Precision -

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Validity -

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Reliability -

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Water quality

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Toyne & Newby)

. (1977

Processes

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(Wooldridge & East 1966) ()
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() (Jones 1968) ()
() (Hutchings 1962) ()
(Boardman 1969) ()
() (Everson 1961) ()
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(Hutchings 1962) .

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. (Jones 1968)

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. (Milner 1988)

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. (Boardman 1969)

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Field sketches
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Static

System Approach
Sub-System

Dynamic

Multi-Dimension

Simulation

Interactive mode

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The Geographer at Work
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Processes

Stochastic

(McGrew & Monroe 1993) Random

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Event

Chance

Games

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Conway

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(Conway 1967)

(Ebden 1981)

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. (Salvator1982) , = \ =

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Shaw &)

(Wheeler 1985

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$$x = x' + z * s \quad x = 1796.43 + (-1.28 * 127.73) = 1632.94$$

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$$x = x' + z^* s^p$$

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(Norcliffe 1977) . (- +) % , (- +)

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z -Standard Score

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$z = (x - x') \setminus s :$
 (x') (z) (x) (z) (s)

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 $= (, - ,) \setminus , z = (x - x') \setminus s - :$

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(McGrew & Monroe 1993) (,)

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. (Gregory 1978) . ()

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. (Matthews 1981)

$$\binom{n}{x} = \frac{n!}{x!(n-x)!}$$

$$\binom{24}{2} = \frac{24!}{2!(24-2)!} = \frac{24 \times 23}{2 \times 1} = 276$$

$$\binom{7}{3} = \frac{7!}{3!(7-3)!} = \frac{7 \times 6 \times 5}{3 \times 2 \times 1} = 35$$

$$s = (Npq)^{0.5} \quad (1-p=q)$$

$$\binom{7}{3} = \frac{7!}{3!(7-3)!} = \frac{7 \times 6 \times 5}{3 \times 2 \times 1} = 35$$

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$$P(X) = \frac{n!(P^x)(q^{n-x})}{x!(n-x)!}$$

(x) (- p = q) (q) (P) (n)
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(q = 1 - 0.16 = 0.84) (p = 0.16) (n = 5)
 (x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) (5! = 5*4*3*2*1 = 120)

$$P(X) = \frac{n!(P^x)(q^{n-x})}{x!(n-x)!}$$

$$P(0) = \{(5!(0.16^0)(0.84^5)) \setminus (0!(5!))\}$$

$$P(0) = \{(120 * 1 * 0.418) \setminus (1 * 120)\} = 0.41$$

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$$P(1) = \{(5! (0.16^1)(0.84^4)) \setminus (1!(4!))\}$$

$$P(1) = \{(120 * 0.16 * 0.498) \setminus (1 * 24)\} = 0.398$$

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$$= \binom{n}{x} p^x q^{n-x}$$

$$= \binom{n}{x} p^x q^{n-x}$$

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Poisson Distribution

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(Salvator 1982)

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(Salvatore 1982) ()

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(NP)

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(Norcliffe 1977)

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(Hailstorms)

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(e) $P(x) = z^x \backslash (e^z * (x!))$ (z)

:
 $P(x) = (z^x \backslash x!) * e^{-z}$
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(e) (,) () (z)

$e^z = 2.7183^1.23 = 3.4123$
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(f = 43) :

(z = 43 \ 35 = 1.23)

(N = 35)

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N =) (F = 140) :
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$$\begin{aligned}
 P(0) &= 1.4^0 \backslash (2.7183^{1.4} * 0!) = 0.2457 \\
 P(1) &= 1.4^1 \backslash (2.7183^{1.4} * 1!) = 0.3452 \\
 P(2) &= 1.4^2 \backslash (2.7183^{1.4} * 2!) = 0.2417 \\
 P(3) &= 1.4^3 \backslash (2.7183^{1.4} * 3!) = 0.1127 \\
 P(4) &= 1.4^4 \backslash (2.7183^{1.4} * 4!) = 0.0395 \\
 P(5) &= 1.4^5 \backslash (2.7183^{1.4} * 5!) = 0.0110
 \end{aligned}$$

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Measures of Central Tendency

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. (Theakstone & Harrison 1978 , 6) .

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. (Haber & Runyon 1973 , 84)

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Spread

Location

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Bell

. (Hartwig & Dearing 1979 , 13)

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. (McGrew & Monroe 1993 , 40)

Scales

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Describing
Descriptive

Summarising information

Numerical Distributions
Statistics

Percentage

Average

(Conway 1976, 15)

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The Mean

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Arithmetic mean

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∴ (Davis 1977 , 8)

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Weighted Mean

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$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum wx}{\sum w}$$

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FX	f	X	FX	f	X

$$\sqrt{\quad} = \sqrt{\quad}$$

(Conway 1967 , 21) -:

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$$\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right) \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \right) - \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \right) - \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^2}$$

$$\therefore \quad \sigma = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \right) - \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^2}$$

: Average Rating (-

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$$\sqrt{((X_1)^2 + (X_2)^2 + (X_3)^2 + (X_4)^2 + (X_5)^2)} = \sqrt{(\quad + \quad + \quad + \quad + \quad)} =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{(Fink \& Kosecoff 1985, 78)} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \end{pmatrix}$$

: The mean centre (-

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$$\cdot (\quad) \cdot (\quad)$$

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$$\cdot (y, x) \quad \begin{pmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\cdot (\quad) \quad \begin{pmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\cdot (\quad) \quad \begin{pmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \end{pmatrix}$$

(Ebdon 1977) $\begin{pmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \end{pmatrix}$

(Shaw & Wheeler 1985)

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$$c = \sqrt{(A_1 - A_2)^2 + (B_1 - B_2)^2}$$

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(Davis 1977)

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المستقرة س	محور ص	المستقرة	محور س	محور ص
أ	١,٧	ب	٤,٠	٣,٢
ج	٢,٧	د	٣,٠	٣,٢
هـ	٢,٣	و	٢,٢	٢,١
ز	٢,٩	ح	١,٠	١,٧
المجموع		٨	٢١,٤	٢٠,٤
معدل س = ٨ ٢١,٤ = ٢,٦٧		معدل المحور ص = ٨ ٢٠,٤ = ٢,٥٥		

أي ان موقع مركز المعدل يقع عند تلاقي هذين المحورين ، باسقاط معدل (س) على شبكة المربعات بدلالة معدل (ص) يتحدد مركز المعدل .

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(Ebden 1977)

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$$\bar{x} \approx x_0 + c * \frac{\sum fd}{n}$$

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. (Cohen & Holliday 1983 , 31)

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(Haber & Runyon 1973 ,92) .

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The Median

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$$\text{Med} = (n + 1) \setminus 2$$

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(Cohen & Holliday 1983 , 27) .

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$$Med = L + \left\{ \left(\frac{n}{2} - \sum fi \right) / fmed \right\} * i$$

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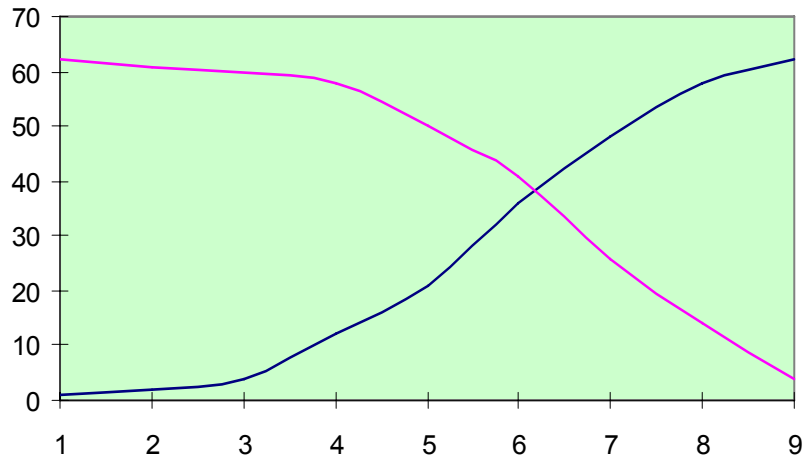
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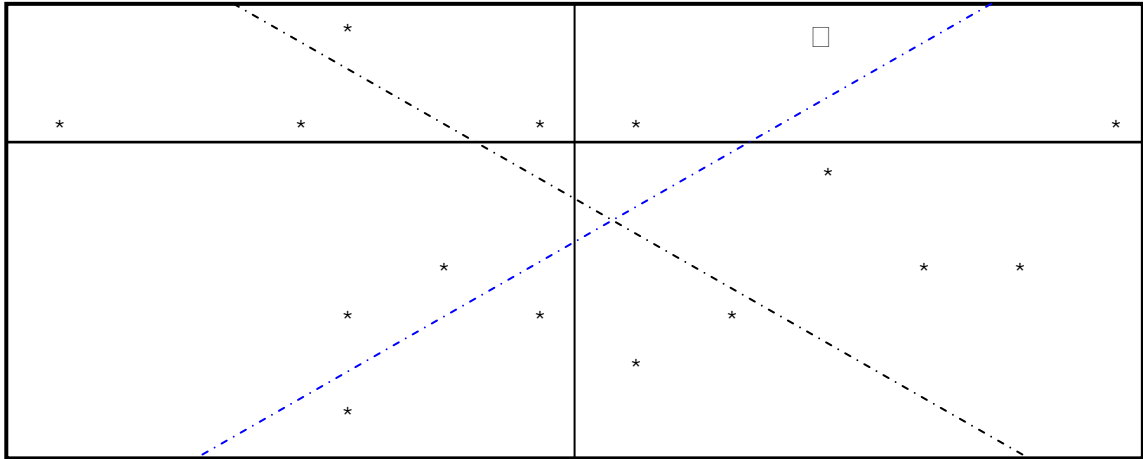
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. (Cohen & Holliday 1983 , 31) .

Mode

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Hartwig & Dearing ()
Stem-and-Leaf

)) (Hartwig & Dearing 1979 , 17) .

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Fink & Kosecoff . (Theakstone & Harrison 1978 ,8)
 . (Fink & Kosecoff 1985 , 80)

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McGrew & Monroe) .

. (1993 , 41

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Conway 1967 , 62 :					

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Yeomans 1980 :

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Measures of Dispersion

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The Range

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. (Conway 1967 , 60)

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Crude Range

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(Haber & Runyon 1973 , 103)

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(Yeomans 1980 , 113)

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Accessibility

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: The Interquartile Range (

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(%) (\) Q1
(%) (\ X) Q3

(%) IQR = Q1 - Q3(

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$$\begin{aligned}
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 & - \left(\begin{array}{c} () \\ () \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} () \\ () \end{array} \right) \cdot () \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} () \\ () \end{array} \right) \cdot () \\
 & \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} () \\ () \end{array} \right) \cdot () \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} () \\ () \end{array} \right) \cdot () \\
 & \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} () \\ () \end{array} \right) \cdot () = \quad \backslash \quad : \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} () \\ () \end{array} \right) = \\
 & \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} () \\ () \end{array} \right) \cdot () = \quad + \quad :
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_1 = L + \frac{N - f_1}{4 f_2} * i$$

$$Q_3 = L + \frac{\left(\frac{N * 3}{4} \right) - f_1}{f_3} * i$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{array}{c}) \\ (f3) \end{array} \right) \quad (N) \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} (L) \\ (f2) \end{array} \right) \quad \cdot \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} (I) \\ (f1) \end{array} \right) \\
 & \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{c} - (\backslash \\ (-) \end{array} \right\} + = \\
 & \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} - \\ (-) \end{array} \right) + =
 \end{aligned}$$

: The Interquartile Deviation (

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: Percentiles (

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$$= (p * N) / 100$$

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$$= 10 * 50 / 100 = 5 \quad p * N / 100$$

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$$P_p = L + \left(\frac{\frac{pN}{100} - s}{f} i \right)$$

:

$$P_p = L + \left[\left\{ \left(\frac{pN}{100} \right) - s \right\} / f \right] i$$

= \) (= -) (= pN/100)

(= +) (= X) (-) %

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$$32.5 + ((20 - 19) / 8) * 3 = 32.87$$

$$: \quad (\% \) \\ 38.5 + ((35 - 35) / 6) * 3 = 38.5$$

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(-) () () (-)

$$p = \frac{\left(\frac{f}{i}\right) * (P_p - L) + s}{N} * 100$$

:

$$p = \left[\left\{ \left(\frac{f}{i} \right) * (P_p - L) + s \right\} / n \right] * 100$$

+ = - = (L-Pp) = \ = (I \ f) :
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Cohen &) .

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(Holliday 1983

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Mean Deviation
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Variance : (-

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Standard Deviation

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$$S = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (X - \bar{X})^2}{n}}$$

$$\hat{S} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (X - \bar{X})^2}{n}}$$

$$S = \sqrt{\left\{ \frac{\sum X^2}{n} - \left(\frac{\sum X}{n} \right)^2 \right\}}$$

(S)

$$\hat{S} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum X^2}{n-1} - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n(n-1)}}$$

$$\hat{S} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum X^2}{n-1} - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n(n-1)}}$$

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{\sum X^2}{n-1} - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n(n-1)}}$$

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Fd^2 \wedge	D^2 \wedge	$(X - X')$ d	FX^2 \wedge	X^2 \wedge	FX	F	X
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		-					
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$$S = \sqrt{\frac{\sum f(X - \bar{X})^2}{n}}$$

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$$S = \sqrt{\left\{ \frac{\sum fX^2}{n} - \left(\frac{\sum fX}{n} \right)^2 \right\}}$$

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$$X \quad) \quad - (\quad = \quad ^{\wedge} (\quad) = \quad ^{\wedge} (\quad - \quad) =$$

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{n \sum X^2 f - (\sum Xf)^2}{n^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &^{\wedge} (\quad ^{\wedge} (\quad) \setminus (\quad - \quad * \quad)) = \quad ^{\wedge} (\quad \setminus (\quad) \\ &= \quad ^{\wedge} (\quad) \setminus (\quad - \quad) = \quad ^{\wedge} (\quad \setminus (\quad) = \end{aligned}$$

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Theakstone & Harrison ,1978 ,17 :

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$$C = \frac{\sum fd}{n}$$

$$S = i * \sqrt{\frac{\sum fd^2}{n} - C^2}$$

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{\sum fd^2}{n} - C^2 \right)^*} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sum fd^2}{n} - C^2 \right)^*} = \dots$$

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$$\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2$$

\hat{X}	(X)	\hat{X}			
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					-
					-
					-
					-
					-
					-
					-

$$= \sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2 = \sum (X_i^2 - 2X_i\bar{X} + \bar{X}^2) = \sum X_i^2 - 2\bar{X}\sum X_i + n\bar{X}^2$$

\hat{X}	X				
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					-
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	-		-		-
	-		-		-
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$$S_w^2 = \frac{\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{n-1} = \frac{\sum X_i^2 - 2\bar{X}\sum X_i + n\bar{X}^2}{n-1}$$

$$S_w = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (X_i)^2 f_i - \frac{(\sum X_i f_i)^2}{n}}{n-1}}$$

$$\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2 = \sum X_i^2 - 2\bar{X}\sum X_i + n\bar{X}^2$$

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Ratio

. Z-Score

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Coefficient of variation ()

$$C.V. = \frac{\delta}{\bar{X}} * 100$$

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Standard Score

$$Z = \frac{X - \bar{X}}{\delta}$$

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$$r = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2}}$$

Co-variance

$$r = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n xy - n \bar{x} \bar{y}}{\delta x \delta y}$$

Spatial Analysis

Standard Distance

$$\left(\frac{\%}{\text{}} \right) \left(\text{ } \right) \left(\text{ } \right) \left(\text{ } \right) \left(\text{ } \right)$$

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$$\left(\text{ } \right)$$

$$\left(\text{ } \right)$$

$$\left(\text{ } + \text{ } \right)$$

$$\left(\text{ } + \left(\text{ } \right) \right) \left(\text{ } \right) =$$

$$\left(\text{ } \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\%}{\text{}} \right)$$

Relative dispersion

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المسافة النسبية	المسافة المعيارية	الدولة
٠,٦٣	٦١٥	استراليا
٠,٧٧	١٣٤	المملكة المتحدة
٠,٦٨	٦٩٧	البرازيل
١,٢٠	٢٥٦	اليابان
٠,٨٦	٨٣٩	الولايات المتحدة
٠,٨٥	٥٣٨	الهند

. (Taylor 1977) .

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$$SD = \frac{\sqrt{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2 + \sum (y - \bar{y})^2}}{n}$$

$$SD = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sum x^2}{n} - \bar{x}^2 \right) + \left(\frac{\sum y^2}{n} - \bar{y}^2 \right)}$$

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$(y - y')^2$	$(y - y')$	$(x')^2$	$(x - x')$	y	x
0.04	0.2	3.61	-1.9	5	1
1.44	1.2	0.81	-0.9	6	2
0.64	-0.8	0.81	-0.9	4	2
3.24	-1.8	0.81	-0.9	3	2
4.84	2.2	0.01	0.1	7	3
0.04	0.2	0.01	0.1	5	3
0.64	-0.8	0.01	0.1	4	3
1.44	1.2	1.21	1.1	6	4
3.24	-1.8	1.21	1.1	3	4
	4.41	2.1	5	5	

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fd^2y	d^2	d	fy	fd^2x	d^2	d	fx
		-				-	
		-				-	
						-	
		+					
		+				+	

$$SD = c * \sqrt{\frac{\sum fd^2x}{n} - \left(\frac{\sum fdx}{n}\right)^2 + \frac{\sum fd^2y}{n} - \left(\frac{\sum fdy}{n}\right)^2}$$

$E(fd^2)$
 (d)
 (c)

(Efd)

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$$SD = 1 * \{(72 \setminus 40) - (24 \setminus 40)^2 + (64 \setminus 40) - (16 \setminus 40)^2\}^{0.5}$$

$$SD = 1 * \{1.8 - 0.36 + 1.6 - 0.16\}^{0.5}$$

$$SD = (2.88)^{0.5} = 1.7$$

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Normal .

Spatial Distribution
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 & , \quad = \quad , \quad + \quad , \quad = \\
 & (\quad , \quad) \\
 & - : \quad . (\quad , \quad) \\
 \text{SD} &= 0.5 * \{ (812 \backslash 370) - (34 \backslash 370)^2 + \\
 & \quad \quad \quad (1015 \backslash 370) - (135 \backslash 370)^2 \} ^{0.5} \\
 \text{SD} &= 0.5 * \{ (2.1945 - 0.0084) + (2.7432 - 0.1331) \} ^{0.5} \\
 \text{SD} &= 0.5 * \{ 4.7961 \} ^{0.5} = 0.5 * 2.19 = 1.095
 \end{aligned}$$

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Central Tendency

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The mean centre

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(y, x)

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(Ebdon 1977)

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(Shaw & Wheeler 1985)

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(Davis 1977)

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المستقرة س	محور ص	المستقرة	محور س	محور ص
أ	١,٧	٤,٠	ب	٣,٢
ج	٢,٧	٣,٠	د	١,٨
هـ	٢,٣	٢,٢	و	٣,٢
ز	٢,٩	١,٠	ح	٣,٢
المجموع		٨	٢١,٤	٢٠,٤
معدل س = $8 \div 21,4 = 2,67$ معدل المحور ص = $20,4 \div 8 = 2,55$				
أ، ان، موقع ما كن المعدل، يقع عند تلاق. هذين المحورين، باسقاط معدا، (س)				

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. (Ebden 1977) .

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	fd	d	fy		fd	d	fx	
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$$\begin{aligned}
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 \end{aligned}$$

. (Taylor 1977) .

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$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right)^2} =$$

$$SD = \{(E(x - x')^2 + E(y - y')^2) \backslash n\}^{0.5}$$

$$SD = \{((Ex^2 \backslash n) - x'^2) + ((E y^2 \backslash n) - y'^2)\}^{0.5}$$

$$\{(\hat{x}^2 - (x')^2) + (\hat{y}^2 - (y')^2)\} = \sqrt{\hat{x}^2 + \hat{y}^2} = \sqrt{(x')^2 + (y')^2}$$

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$(y - y')^2$	$(y - y'')$	$(x - x')^2$	$(x - x')$	y	x
0.04	0.2	3.61	-1.9	5	1
1.44	1.2	0.81	-0.9	6	2
0.64	-0.8	0.81	-0.9	4	2
3.24	-1.8	0.81	-0.9	3	2
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0.64	-0.8	0.01	0.1	4	3
1.44	1.2	1.21	1.1	6	4
3.24	-1.8	1.21	1.1	3	4
0.04	0.2	4.41	2.1	5	5

$$s^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum (y - \bar{y})^2 - \left(\frac{\sum (y - \bar{y})(x - \bar{x})}{n} \right)^2 / \left(\frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n} \right)$$

$\frac{d^2}{d^2} \frac{d}{d} f_y$	$\frac{d^2}{d^2} \frac{d}{d} f_x$
-	-
-	-
-	-
+	-
+	+

$$SD = c * \{E (fd^2x \setminus n) (Efdx \setminus n)^2 + E(fd^2y \setminus n) - (Efdy \setminus n)^2\}^{0.5}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2}$$

$$SD = c * \{E(fd^2x \setminus n) (Efdx \setminus n)^2 + E(fd^2y \setminus n) - (Efdy \setminus n)^2\}^{0.5}$$

$$SD = 0.5 * \{(812 \setminus 370) - (34 \setminus 370)^2 + (1015 \setminus 370) - (135 \setminus 370)^2\}^{0.5}$$

$$SD = 0.5 * \{(2.1945 - 0.0084) + (2.7432 - 0.1331)\}^{0.5}$$

$$SD = 0.5 * \{4.7961\}^{0.5} = 0.5 * 2.19 = 1.095$$

. (Ebdon 1977) .

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Unwin
Nominal

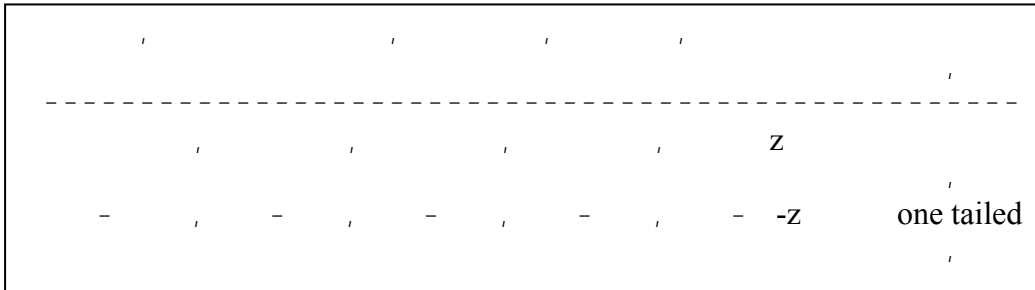
. (1981

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$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2} = \text{Standard Normal Deviate } z$$

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(R = 1.955)

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(Ebdon 1977)

Arthur Getis

(R)

